## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

## 1- LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on September 21, 1991 as a Private Limited Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and converted into a Public Limited Company on November 21, 1994. The Company is listed on all the Stock Exchanges of Pakistan. The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobiles, automotive parts and household electric appliances. The registered office of the Company is situated at 171- Ali Town, Thokar Niaz Baig, Raiwind Road, Lahore.

### 2- STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

# 2.1- New accounting standards, IFRIC interpretations and amendments to the published approved accounting standards that are effective in current year

The following standards, interpretations and amendments have been published that are mandatory and relevant for the Company's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2008:

IFRS 7- "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"- The Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008 notified the adoption of IFRS 7 which is mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after the date of notification i.e. April 28, 2008. Adoption of IFRS 7 has only impacted the format and extent of disclosures presented in the financial statements.

Other new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standars that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2008 which are not considered relevant nor have any significant effect on Company's operations are not detailed in these financial statements.

# 2.2- New accounting standards, IFRIC interpretations and amendments to the published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards and interpretations with respect to approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Effective for period

<b>IFRS</b>	1	First time adoption of IFRS (Revised)	July 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	2	Share based payment (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	3	Business combinations (Revised)	July 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	4	Insurance contracts (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	5	Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	7	Financial instruments: Disclosure (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
<b>IFRS</b>	8	Operating segments	Jan 01, 09
IAS	1	Presentation of financial statements (Revised)	Jan 01, 09
LAS	7	Statement of cash flows (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	12	Income taxes (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

TAC	11	P	T 01 . 00
IAS		Property, plant and equipment (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	18	Revenue (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	19	Employee benefits (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	20	Government grants and disclosure of government assistance (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	21	The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	23	Borrowing costs (Revised)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	27	Consolidated and separate financial statement (Amendments)	July 01, 09
IAS	28	Investment in associates (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	31	Interests in joint venture (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	32	Financial instruments: presentation (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	33	Earnings per shares (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	34	Interim financial reporting (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	36	Impairment of assets (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	38	Intangible assets (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	39	Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	40	Investment property (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IAS	41	Agriculture (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IFRI(	C 1	Change in existing decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IFRIC	$\mathbb{C}^2$	Member's share in corporate entities and similar liabilities (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IFRI(	24	Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease	July 01, 10
IFRIC	C12	Services Concession Arrangements	Jan 01, 10
IFRIC	C 14	The limit on a defind benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and	
		their interaction (Amendments)	Jan 01, 09
IFRI(	C15	Agreements for the construction of real estate	Jan 01, 09
		Hedges of a net investment in a foreign opration	Oct 01, 08
		Distributions of non-cash assets to owners	July 01, 09
			, , ,

The above standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statement except for increased disclosures in certain cases.

## 3- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 - Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the recognition of employees retirement benefits at present value.

## 3.2 - Employee benefits

## Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees. The provision is made on the basis of actuarial valuation by using the projected unit credit method.

In calculating the Company's obligation in respect of a plan, to the extent that any cumulative unrecognized actuarial gain or loss exceeds ten percent of the present value of the defined benefit obligation, it is recognized in the income statement over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plan. Otherwise, the actuarial gain or loss is not recognized.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

### 3.3 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Operating fixed assets except land and capital work in progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Land and capital work in progress are stated at cost. Cost in relation to self manufactured assets includes direct cost of materials, labour and applicable manufacturing overheads. Cost of tangible fixed assets consists of historical cost, borrowing cost pertaining to the construction/erection period and directly attributable cost of bringing the assets to working condition.

Depreciation on all property, plant and equipment except freehold land is charged by applying the reducing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and replacements are capitalized.

Profit or loss on disposal of operating fixed assets is included in the current income.

### 3.4- Impairment of fixed assets

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that a fixed asset may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying value exceeds recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount.

### 3.5 - Intangible Assets

The Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and identified impairment loss, if any. The cost of intangible assets is amortized over a period of five (5) years using the straight line method.

Amortization on additions to the intangible assets is charged from the month in which an asset is capitalized and / or is available for use, while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off. The amortization expense is charged to the current year income.

International Accounting Standard (IAS) 38 "Intangible Assets" requires review of amortization period and the amortization method at least at each financial year end. Accordingly the management assesses at each balance sheet date the assets' residual values and useful lives in addition to considering any indication of impairment, and adjustments are made if impact on amortization is significant.

## 3.6 - Assets subject to finance lease

Assets under finance lease are stated at lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of assets at the inception of the lease. The aggregate amount of obligation relating to these assets are accounted for at net present value of liabilities. Depreciation on these assets is charged in line with normal depreciation policy adopted for assets owned by the Company.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

#### 3.7 - Taxation

#### Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any.

### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax is calculated by using the tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available and the credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

## 3.8 - Store, spares and loose tools

These are valued at moving average cost except items in transit which are valued at cost comprising invoice value and other charges paid thereon.

### 3.9 - Stock in trade

Stock in trade is valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. The average cost in relation to work in process and finished goods represents direct costs of raw materials, labour and appropriate portion of overheads. Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sale.

### 3.10 - Foreign currency conversion

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Pak rupees at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are reported in Pak rupees at the rates of exchange approximating those prevalent at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are charged to Profit and Loss Account.

### 3.11 - Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales is recognised on dispatch of goods to customers. Goods are considered dispatched when risk and rewards are transferred to customers.

### 3.12 - Borrowing Costs

All borrowing costs are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of the respective asset acquired out of the proceeds of such borrowing. All other borrowing costs are charged to income.

### 3.13 - Segment reporting

A reportable segment is identified where it becomes a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. Expenses which cannot be directly allocated activity-wise, are apportioned on appropriate basis.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

### 3.14 - Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent consists of cash in hand, balances with banks and short term running finance facilities.

#### 3.15 - Trade and accrued liabilities

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether billed or not to the Company.

#### 3.16 - Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provisions are reversed.

#### 3.17 - Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to profit and loss account currently.

### 3.18 - Research and Development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new technical knowledge and understanding, is recognized in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalized if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the company has sufficient resources to complete development. The expenditure capitalized includes the cost of materials, direct labor, an appropriate proportion of overheads and other directly attributable expenditure. Other development expenditure is recognized in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, capitalized during the year, are classified under "Intangible Assets".

### 3.19 - Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the company has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and intend either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

### 3.20 - Related party transaction

All transactions with related parties are at arm's length prices determined in accordance with the pricing method as approved by the Board of Directors.

### 3.21 - Dividends

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

### 3.22 - Warranty Expenses

Warranty expenses are recorded as and when valid claims are recevide from customers,

## 4 - CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards. These standards require the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- a) Useful life of depreciable and amortizable assets.
- b) Staff retirement benefits.
- c) Deferred taxation.
- d) Provisions and contingencies.
- e) Stocks in trade.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors including expectation of future events that are belived to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## 5- ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL

2009 Number	2008 Number		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
7,163,000	7,163,000	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each fully paid up in cash		71,630,000	71,630,000
3,237,676	1,504,230	Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each allotted as bonus shares	5.1	32,376,760	15,042,300
10,400,676	8,667,230	_ =		104,006,760	86,672,300

5.1 These shares include 1,733,446 bonus share of Rs. 10 each (2008: bonus shares 787,930 of Rs. 10 each) issued by the Company during the current year.



# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

6-	LONG TERM FINANCING	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Secured			
	Demand Finance facility	6.1	6,600,000	9,000,000
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	12	2,400,000	2,400,000
			4,200,000	6,600,000

6.1- The Company has obtained a loan from Habib Bank Limited of Rs.12 million. This facility is secured against 1st pari passu charge over the fixed asset of the Company (land, building and machinery), to the extent of Rs. 190 million. It carries mark-up at the rate of three months average ask side KIBOR+ 3 % Floor 13% (June 30, 2008: three months average ask side KIBOR+ 3 % Floor 11%) per annum, payable on quarterly basis. This finance is repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 0.6 Million each, which commenced from June 2007.

## 7- LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

Present value of minimum lease payments		10,085,005	19,766,131
Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	12	(7,172,935)	(9,667,919)
		2,912,070	10,098,212

The amounts of future payments and the periods in which these payments will become due are as under:

Due not later than one year: Minimum lease payments	8,079,050	11,724,001
Financial charges Present value	906,115 7,172,935	2,056,082 9,667,919
Due later than one year and not later than five years:		
Minimum lease payments Financial charges Present value	3,011,980 99,910 2,912,070	11,103,132 1,004,920 10,098,212
	10,085,005	19,766,131

The minimum lease payments have been discounted using the effective interest rates implicit in leases ranging from 10.50% to 18.52% per annum to arrive at the present value. Rentals are payable in monthly installments. Repairs and maintenance costs are to be borne by the lessee. The liability is secured by deposit of Rupees 4.65 million, leased assets and personal guarantees of some directors of the Company. The Company intends to exercise its option to purchase the leased assets at the termination of lease period.

### 8- DEFERRED LIABILITIES

Employee benefits	8.1	16,353,642	12,304,593
Deferred taxation	8.2	24,129,552	18,755,964
		40,483,194	31,060,557

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

8.1-	Employee benefits	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Net liability recognized in the balance sheet		
	Present value of defined benefit obligations Unrecognized actuarial losses	19,049,337 (2,695,695) 16,353,642	13,827,364 (1,522,771) 12,304,593
	Movement in the net liability recognized in the balance sheet		
	Net liability as at 1st July Expense recognized in the income statement Amount allocated to capital work in progress Liability discharged during the year	12,304,593 6,956,889 - (2,907,840) 16,353,642	7,912,840 5,017,222 153,581 (779,050) 12,304,593
	Expense recognized in the income statement		
	Current service cost Interest cost Acturial loss recognised	5,291,087 1,651,118 14,684 	4,249,163 901,539 20,101 5,170,803
	Amount allocated to capital wok in progress	6,956,889	(153,581) 5,017,222
	The expense is recognized in the following line items in the income statement unbenefits.	nder the head salaries, wa	ages and other
	Cost of sales Administrative expenses Distribution Cost	5,115,689 1,430,600 410,600 6,956,889	3,771,846 801,964 443,412 5,017,222
	Principal actuarial assumptions		
	The company has carried out actuarial valuation as at June 30, 2009 under the main assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:	Projected Unit Credit N	Method'. The
	Discount rate Expected rate of future salary increase Average expected remaining working life	12% p.a. 11% p.a.	12% p.a. 11% p.a.

Expected rate of future salary increase Average expected remaining working life

time of employees

10 years

10 years

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

8.2-	Deferred taxation	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	The liability for deferred taxation comprises of temporary differences relating to:			
	Accelerated depreciation for tax purposes		27,639,538	25,648,513
	Liabilities under finance lease that are deducted for tax purposes only when paid		(3,509,985)	(6,892,549)
			24,129,552	18,755,964
9-	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors Advances from customers Accrued expenses and others Sales tax payable Special excise duty payable Income tax deducted at source Payable towards: Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund	9.1 9.2	179,195,643 3,238,385 11,514,548 4,513,438 485,634 1,347,370 1,470,565 984,223 202,749,806	157,765,039 1,549,621 12,938,836 1,807,615 84,507 868,323 11,222,632 3,939,383 190,175,956
	9.1 Workers' Profits participation Fund  Balance at beginning Add: Charged during the year  Less: payment made during the year	29	11,222,632 1,470,565 12,693,197 (11,222,632) 1,470,565	4,415,272 11,222,632 15,637,904 (4,415,272) 11,222,632
	9.2 Workers' Welfare Fund			
	Balance at Beginning Add: Charge during the year less: Payment made during the year	29	3,939,383 529,547 4,468,930 (3,484,707) 984,223	1,326,618 3,939,383 5,266,001 (1,326,618) 3,939,383
10 -	MARK-UP ACCRUED ON LOANS AND OTHER PAYABLES Long term financing Short term borrowing- secured Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		278,561 731,408 113,198 1,123,167	1,062,512 235,323 1,297,835

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

11-	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Secured Running finance under mark-up arrangements			
	Allied Bank Limited	11.1	-	16,390,358
	Habib Bank Limited	11.2	×	10,621,625
	Finance against trust receipts			
	Allied Bank Limited	11.3	16,671,652	16,417,776
	Habib Bank Limited	11.4	4,923,476	19,904,028
	Un- Secured			
	Payable against purchase of fixed asset	11.5	21,595,128	215,442 63,549,229
			=1,555,120	00,017,227

- 11.1 Total amount of finance available under this facility is Rs. 45.00 million (June 30, 2008: Rs. 45.00 million). The mark-up is charged at the rate of three months average ask side. Kibor plus 2.5% (June 30, 2008: three months average ask side Kibor plus 2.5%) with Floor rate of 13% (June 30, 2008: 12%) per annum. This facility is secured against First charge on the present and future fixed assets for Rs.140 million and First Hypothecation Charge of Rs. 110 million over current assets of the Company, comprising of raw material, work in process, finished goods, etc. and receivable and book debts of the Company. The un utilized amount of this facility as at balance sheet date is Rs. 45.00 million. (June 30, 2008: Rs. 28.61 million).
- 11.2 Total amount of finance available under this facility is Rs. 50.00 million (June 30, 2008: Rs. 50.00 million). The mark-up is charged at the rate of three months average ask side Kibor + 2.5% (June 30, 2008: three months average ask side Kibor + 2.50%), with floor rate of 13% (June 30, 2008: 11%) per annum. This facility is secured against First pari passu charge on fixed assets for Rs. 190.00 million and First pari passu Hypothecation Charge of Rs. 90.00 million over current assets of the Company, comprising of raw material, work in process, finished goods, etc. and receivable and book debts of the Company. The un utilized amount of this facility as at balance sheet date is Rs. 50.00 million. (June 30, 2008; 39.38 million).
- 11.3 Total amount available under this facility is Rs. 20.00 million (June 30, 2008: Rs. 20.00 million). for a maximum period of 90 dayes (June 30, 2008: 120days). The mark-up is charged at the rate of three months average ask side Kibor plus 2.5% (June 30, 2008: three months average ask side Kibor + 2.5%) with floor rate of 13% (June 30, 2008: 12%). This facility is secured against First charge on present and future fixed assets for Rs. 140.00 million and First Hypothecation Charge of Rs. 110 million over current assets of the Company, comprising of raw material, work in process, finished goods, etc. and receivable and book debts of the Company and Trust Receipts. The un utilized amount of this facility as at balance sheet date is Rs. 3.33 million. (June 30, 2008: 3.59 million).
- 11.4 Total amount available under this facility is Rs. 20.00 million (June 30, 2008: Rs. 20.00 million) for a maximum period of 120 days. The mark-up is charged at the rate of three months average ask side Kibor plus 2.5% (June 30, 2008: three months average ask side Kibor plus 2.50%) with floor rate of 13% per annum. (June 30, 2008: 11%). This facility is secured against First pari passu charge on fixed assets for Rs. 190 million and First pari passu Hypothecation Charge of Rs. 90 million over current assets of the Company, comprising of raw material, work in process, finished goods, etc. and receivable and book debts of the Company and Trust Receipts. The un utilized amount of this facility as at balance sheet date is Rs 15.077 million. (June 30, 2008: 0.096 million).

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

11.5- The finance has been paid completely during the current year previously it was payable against purchase of Generator from M/S Millat Tractors Limited on instalment basis. Total invoice value was payable in 13 monthly instalments along with mark up calculated @ 14.45% per annum commencing from March 2008.

## 12- CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES

		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Long term financing	6	2,400,000	2,400,000
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	7	7,172,935	9,667,919
			9,572,935	12,067,919
13 -	PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
	Balance at beginning Add: Provision for the year		68,573,796	24,193,223
	-Current Year		3,648,921	67,589,754
	-Prior year		2,695,335	-
	Less: Payment during the Year		(62,458,053) 12,459,999	(23,209,181) 68,573,796

### 14- CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

## 14.1- Contingencies

- 14.1.1 Cases have been filed by some customers against the Company for the claim of auto parts under warranty. These cases are still pending in different courts. The management and Company's lawyer are of the opinion and are confident that the outcome of these cases will be settled in the favour of the Company. Hence no provision is made
- 14.1.2 The Company has filed an appeal against an order u/s 122(5A) passed by the taxation officer, challenging the tax losses amounting Rs. 1,503,939/- for tax year 2003 in the opinion of the tax consultant, favourable outcome of the appeal is expected.
- 14.1.3 The Income Tax department has filed an appeal against the Company in the income tax appellate tribunal, challenging the tax losses amounting Rs. 5,313,321/- for the tax year 2004. In the opinion of the tax consultant, favourable outcome of the appeal is expected.
- 14.1.4 The Company has been selected for Tax Audit u/s 177(4) for the tex Year 2008. The proceedings are in progress.

## 14.2- Commitments

The facilities for opening Letters of Credits and Guarantees as at June 30, 2009 aggregate Rs. 80 million and Rs. 8.00 million respectively (June 30, 2008: Rs. 80 million and Rs. 8.00 million respectively) of which the amounts utilized as at June 30, 2009 were Rs. 56.31 million and Rs. Nil. respectively. (June 30, 2008: Rs. 11.87 million and Nil respectively).



# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
15 -	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	15.1	218,278,804	185,395,421
	Capital work in progress	15.3	4,554,879	19,547,881
	Advance for purchase of land	15.4	-	5,000,000
		9	222,833,683	209,943,302

## 15.1 - OPERATING FIXED ASSETS - Tangible

				20(	9					Rupees
PARTICULARS		COST		6	2	DI	EPRECIAT	ION		W.D.V.
PARTICULARS	As at 01-07-2008	Additions / (Deletions)	Transfer	As at 30-06-2009	Rate	As at 01-07-2008	For the year	Adjustment	As at 30-06-2009	as at 30-06-2009
Freehold land Buildings and Civil Works	35,277,254	22,309,700		77,586,954	1	*	-			77,586,954
on freehold land	52,669,453	6,675,167		59,344,620	5 to 19	16,990,402	3,659,510	2	20,649,912	38,694,708
Plant and Machinery	86,819,378	18,720,632		105,540,010	10	44,680,416	5,308,392	-	49,988,808	55,551,202
Electric Fittings	5,798,627	710,370		6,508,997	10	1,971,456	417,556		2,389,012	4,119,986
Furniture and Fixture	1,635,074	188,900		1,823,974	10	517,284	126,591		643,875	1,180,099
Office Equipment	2,163,609	38,000		2,201,609	10	737,436	145,716		883,152	1,318,457
Electric Installations	1,381,634	197,345		1,578,979	10	359,396	110,354		469,750	1,109,229
Vehicles	3,415,913	235,726 (1,437,500)	1,676,500	3,890,639	20	2,041,668	319,049	989,806 (914,388)	2,436,135	1,454,505
Assets subject to	209,160,942	49,075,840 (1,437,500)	1,676,500	258,475,782		67,298,058	10,087,168	989,806 (914,388)	77,460,644	181,015,140
Plant and Machinery	37,787,937		-	37,787,937	10	7,918,057	2,986,988		10,905,045	26,882,893
Vehicles	17,452,000		(1,676,500)	15,775,500	20	3,789,343	2,595,193	(989,806)	5,394,730	10,380,771
	55,239,937		(1,676,500)	53,563,437		11,707,400	5,582,181	(989,806)	16,299,775	37,263,664
TOTAL 2009	264,400,879	49,075,840 (1,437,500)	1,676,500 (1,676,500)	312,039,219		79,005,458	15,669,349	989,806 (1,904,194)	93,760,419	218,278,804

Details of property, plant and equipment sold are given in Note No. 15.5

				2 0 (	8					Rupees
PARTICULARS		COST			DEPRECIATION				W.D.V.	
PARTICULARS	As at 01-07-2007	Additions / (Deletions)	Transfer	As at 30-06-2008	Rate %	As at 01-07-2007	For the year	Adjustment	As at 30-06-2008	as at 30-06-2008
Freehold land Buildings and Civil Works	8,348,504	46,928,750		55,277,254	9	•	•	8	20	55,277,254
on freehold land	41,735,649	10,933,804		52,669,453	5 to 10	14,292,792	2,697,610	-	16,990,402	35,679,051
Plant and Machinery	81,823,574	4,995,804		86,819,378	10	40,435,705	4,244,711		44,680,416	42,138,962
Flectric Fittings	3,585,940	2,212,687		5,798,627	10	1,698,389	273,067		1,971,456	3,827,171
Furniture and Fixture	1,213,764	421,310		1,635,074	10	408,776	108,508		517,284	1,117,790
Office Equipment	1,693,892	469,717		2,163,609	10	599,087	138,349	-	737,436	1,426,173
Electric Installations	900,766	480,868		1,381,634	10	259,682	99,714		359,396	1,022,238
Vehicles	2,164,679	2,354,234 (1,103,000)		3,415,913	20	1,233,256	334,053	1,085,568 (611,209)	2,041,668	1,374,245
Assets subject to Finance Lease	141,466,768	68,797,174 (1,103,000)		209,160,942		58,927,687	7,896,012	1,085,568 (611,209)	67,298,058	141,862,884
Plant and Machinery	25,157,903	12,630,034		37,787,937	10	5,768,629	2,149,428	-	7,918,057	29,869,880
Vehicles	9,471,500	10,087,500 (2,107,000)		17,452,000	20	2,515,872	2,359,039	(1,(185,568)	3,789,343	13,662,657
	34,629,403	22,717,534 (2,107,000)		55,239,937		8,284,501	4,508,467	(1,085,568)	11,707,400	43,532,537
TOTAL 2008	176,096,171	91,514,708 (3,210,000)		264,400,879		67,212,188	12,404,479	1,085,568 (1,696,777)	79,005,458	185,395,421

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

15.2 - Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
Cost of sales Distribution cost Administrative expenses Capital work in progress	26 27 28	12,520,067 1,109,883 2,039,399 - 15,669,349	8,976,958 988,608 1,926,533 512,381 12,404,480
15.3 - CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS			
Tangible Plant and machinery Opening balance Additions made during the year  Transferred to operating fixed assets  Civil works Opening balance Additions made during the year  Transferred to operating fixed assets	15.3.1	19,037,229 2,381,512 21,418,714 18,070,115 3,348,626 	12,765,452 6,271,777 19,037,229 19,037,229 2,904,590 8,029,214 10,933,804 10,933,804
Electric Fitting / Installations Opening balance Additions made during the year Transferred to operatining fixed assets  Intangible Development work Opening balance Additions made during the year Transferred to Intangible Assets		510,652 67,250 577,902 	385,657 405,267 790,924 790,924 - - 510,652 510,652 - 510,652

<sup>15.3.1-</sup> This includes Rs. 2.45 million (June 30, 2008:Rs. 0.97 million) on account of advances paid to suppliers of machinery.

<sup>15.4-</sup> This balance represents the amount of advance paid on 19-06-2008 for the purchase of land measuring 64 Kanals at Mauza Bhai Kot, Lahore, the sale dead of which was registered in the name of the Company on August 22, 2008.



# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

## 15.5- DETAIL OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT DISPOSAL

The detail of property, plant and equipment disposal, having net book value in excess of Rs. 50,000 is as follows:

Particulars	Cost	Net Book Value	Sale price	Mode of Disposal	Particulars of purchaser				
Rupees									
Honda CIVIC VTI LZU 1237	1,272,500	512,529	512,529	Negotiation	Muhammad Shaffi 27-KM Multan Road Lahore				
Suzuki Bolan CE 1769	165,000	10,583	80,000	Negotiation	Dr. Aliya 05 Claton Jigar Murabadi Road Karachi-74800				

## 16 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(Rupees)

		Cost			Amortization			
Particulars	As at 01-07-2008	Additions/ (deletion)	As at 30-06-2009	As at 01-07-2008	For the period	As at 30-06-2009	As at 30-06-2009	
Development Cost	3,051,300	-	3,051,300	1,326,899	618,931	1,945,830	1,105,471	
Jun-09	3,051,300		3,051,300	1,326,899	618,931	1,945,830	1,105,471	
Jun-08	3,051,300	-	3,051,300	704,761	622,138	1,326,899	1,724,401	

<sup>16.1-</sup> Development cost represents cost incurred on patents, copyrights, trade marks and designs.

16.2- The amortization cost is included in cost of sales.

16	5.2- The amortization cost is included in cost of sales.	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
17-	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	Deposit with Pakistan Steel Mill Utilities and others	-	400,000 416,457 816,457	400,000 371,457 771,457
18 -	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS			
	Stores Spares Loose tools		4,956,654 320,121 161,753 5,438,528	2,252,651 689,523 726,199 3,668,373

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

19 -	STOCK IN TRADE	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Raw materials and components Work-in-process Finished goods Stock in transit Packing and other material	,	140,161,113 21,179,856 33,360,733 - 65,585 194,767,287	153,149,756 16,247,744 8,035,421 15,879,600 5,329 193,317,850
20 -	TRADE DEBTS - Unsecured	20.1	96,341,775	202,015,093
20.1 -	Classification: Considered Good Considered Doubtful Considered Bad  Less Provision for Doubtful debts Bad debts		96,341,775 522,533 44,622 96,908,950 (522,553) (44,622) 96,341,775	202,015,093 - - 202,015,093 - - 202,015,093

Debts which are considered doubtful and Bad are charged to current year income and are shown under other operating expenses.

## 21 - LOANS & ADVANCES

Advances - considered good to employees 21.1 808,319 484,120 to suppliers 10,037,301 7,975,565 10,845,620 8,459,685

21.1- Maximum aggregate balance due from the Executives during the period was Rs. 205,000/- (June 30, 2008: Rs. 150,000). These advances are secured against retirement benefits of the employees.

# 22 - TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS

	Contract securities	600,000	300,000
	Prepaid expenses	567,632	661,850
	Letter of credit margin	13,238,114	8,268,638
	Letter of credit in process	18,827,232	16,263,468
		33,232,978	25,493,956
23 -	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Advance income tax	21,344,093	23,498,658
	Other Receivable	188,000	4
		21,532,093	23,498,658

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
24 -	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand Balance with banks on current accounts		39,331 19,793,232 19,832,563	39,100 11,911,805 11,950,905
25 -	SALES - NET			
	Gross sales	25.1	1,140,685,970	1,943,722,984
	Less: Sales tax Sales returns Commission		157,130,672 17,506,070 13,509,295 188,146,037 952,539,933	253,324,049 22,754,278 122,929,621 399,007,948 1,544,715,036

<sup>25.1</sup> This includes Rs. 1.48 million (June 30, 2008: Rs. 0.79 million) on account of export sales.

## 26 - COST OF SALES

Raw materials and components consumed		719,401,373	1,065,632,052
Salaries, wages and other benefits	26.1	75,371,800	80,075,112
Stores, spares and loose tools consumed		13,400,263	17,368,384
Power and fuel charges		25,740,080	26,760,197
Repair and maintenance		18,357,790	18,486,806
Other expenses		4,358,474	4,497,570
Depreciation	15.2	12,520,067	8,976,958
Amortization	16	618,931	622,138
		869,768,778	1,222,419,217
Opening work-in-process		16,247,744	26,663,717
		886,016,522	1,249,082,934
Closing work-in-process		21,179,856	16,247,744
Cost of goods manufactured		864,836,666	1,232,835,190
Opening finished goods		8,035,421	14,311,987
		872,872,087	1,247,147,177
Cost of finished goods purchased during the year		9,209,448	2,655,700
		882,081,535	1,249,802,877
Closing finished goods		33,360,733	8,035,421
		848,720,802	1,241,767,456

<sup>26.1</sup> Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. 5,115,689 (2008: 3,771,846) in respect of retirement benefits.

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

			2009	2008
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
27 -	DISTRIBUTION COST		•	•
	Salaries and other benefits	27.1	7,653,998	6,845,641
	Freight and octroi		9,823,143	18,437,305
	Traveling and conveyance		1,233,717	1,204,790
	Packing material consumed		-	82,161
	Advertisement and sale promotion		2,678,581	3,496,116
	Insurance		381,234	158,479
	After sales service		1,737,840	1,884,506
	Printing & Stationery		772,484	825,779
	Depreciation	15.2	1,109,883	988,608
			25,390,880	33,923,385

<sup>27.1</sup> Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 410,600 (2008: 443,412) in respect of retirement benefits.

### 28 - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Salaries and other benefits	28.1	21,928,396	19,524,641
Electricity, gas and water charges		301,113	230,854
Communication expenses		2,426,591	1,985,080
Vehicle running expenses		799,428	598,085
Legal and professional	28.2	1,431,644	2,009,427
Travelling and conveyance		1,915,196	1,680,324
Fee and subscription		524,179	1,823,736
Insurance		378,109	311,510
Rent, rates and taxes		705,186	455,030
Printing and stationery		1,468,377	1,616,722
Entertainment		561,338	590,789
Office supplies		32,537	20,257
Research expenses		143,834	165,886
Miscellaneous expenses		365,207	455,951
Depreciation	15.2	2,039,399	1,926,533
		35,020,533	33,394,825

<sup>28.1</sup> Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 1,430,600 (2008: 801,964) in respect of retirement benefits.

## 29 - OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Auditors' remuneration	29.1	732,500	350,000
Bad debts		44,622	-
Provision for doubtful debts		522,553	-
Contribution towards:	9.1	1,470,565	11,222,632
Workers' profit participation fund	9.2	529,547	3,939,383
Workers' welfare fund		3,299,787	15,512,015

<sup>28.2</sup> These include a sum of Rupees 251,667 incurred for the registration of Company with registar of Companies and taxation department in Kenya as a foreign Company.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

29.1-	Auditors' remuneration	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Viqar A. Khan Workers' Profit Participation Fund Audit Tax services		12,500 200,000 212,500	10,000 100,000 110,000
	Kabani Saeed Kamran Patel & Co. Statutory audit Half yearly review Certificate fee		375,000 125,000 20,000 520,000 732,500	150,000 75,000 15,000 240,000 350,000
30 -	OTHER OPERATING INCOME Income from financial assets			
	Exchange Gain/(Loss)  Income from non financial assets  Profit on sale of fixed assets  Miscellaneous Income	30.1	91,297 69,417 1,017,485 1,178,199	258,209 269,852
30.1	Miscellaneous Income includes credit balances outstanding for loa	ng period wri		
31 -	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up on:  Long term finances Short term borrowings - secured Intrest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund Financial charges on finance lease Bank charges, commission & others	_ _	1,396,996 9,501,745 1,463,357 2,311,048 665,160 15,338,306	1,285,287 5,998,860 460,316 2,553,351 1,259,086 11,556,900
32 -	TAXATION			
	Current For the period Prior Year  Deferred	32.1	3,648,921 2,695,335	67,589,754
	For the period	_	5,373,588 11,717,844	5,885,353 73,475,107



# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

- a) The income tax assessments of the company have been finalized upto tax year 2007, except as mentioned in note 14.1.2 and 14.1.3
- b) The Company has been selected for Tax Audit u/s 177 (4) for the Tax Year 2008. The proceedings are in progress.
- c) Provision for taxation is considered adequate to discharge the expected liability for current year.
- 32.1 This balance represents an amount paid as additional tax in respect of order passed by DCIT u/s 205 (1B) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Company is in appeal against this order.

	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
32.2 - Tax charge reconciliation			
Profit before taxation	_	25,947,824	208,830,307
Tax charge on accounting profit at applicable tax rate as per Income Tax Ordinance, 2001		9,081,739	73,090,607
Tax effect of amounts that are: - not deductible for tax purposes - allowable deductions for tax purposes		(24,697) (24,142)	7,049,473 (6,435,684)
Tax effect of profit attributable to presumptive income		(21,707)	(258,619)
Effect of presumptive tax		11,317	29,331
Adjustment of prior year taxation		2,695,335	-
Taxation for the year		11,717,844	73,475,107

## 33- EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

## Basic & diluted earnings per share

Profit after taxation for the year	Rupces	14,229,980	135,355,200
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year - Note 33.1	Numbers	10,400,676	10,400,676
Basic & diluted earnings per share	Rupees	1.37	13.01

33.1- Number of ordinary shares outstanding at the close of corresponding period presented has been increased to reflect the bonus shares issued during the current period ended June 30, 2009.

## Diluted earnings per share

There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the company as the company has no such commitments.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
34 -	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		1	1
	Profit before taxation		25,947,824	208,830,307
	Adjustment for non cash charges and other items:	_		
	Depreciation		15,669,349	11,892,099
	Amortization		618,931	622,138
	Provision for gratuity		6,956,889	5,017,222
	Financial and other charges		17,905,593	26,718,915
	Other income	L	(1.086,902)	(258,209)
		_	40,063,860	43,992,165
	Washing a signal shares	244	66,011,684	252,822,472
	Working capital changes	34.1 _	117,872,156 183,883,840	(185,430,947) 67,391,525
		_	103,003,040	07,371,323
34.1 -	Working capital changes			
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets:			
	Store, spares and loose tools		(1,770,155)	(403,654)
	Stock-in-trade		(1,449,437)	(68,158,820)
	Trade debts		105,106,143	(158,372,001)
	Loans & Advances		(2,385,935)	(2,531,654)
	Trade Deposits and short term prepayments		(7,739,022)	(8,798,225)
	Other receivables		(188,000)	-
	Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables		26,298,562	52,833,407
		_	117,872,156	(185,430,947)
35 -	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and cash equivalents include:			
	Cash and bank balances	24	19,832,563	11,950,905
	Short term borrowings	11	-	(27,011,983)
			19,832,563	(15,061,078)
		-		

## 36- TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise directors, key management personnel and associated company. The nature of relationship with associated company was that both companies had common management personnel. During the financial year ending on June 30, 2008 the common directors were retired and had resigned from the respective companies. Therefore the relationship with M/s Ciba Enterprises (Pvt.) Ltd. is no more existed as related party at the Balance Sheet date. The remuneration of Directors and key management personnel is shown in note 37. Other major transactions during the year with the associated Company are as follows:

Purchases - 29,446,478

As the related party relationship with associated Company was not existed during the year and at the balance sheet date of current year, therefore no transaction was accounted for during the current year as related party. Disclosure is made for comparative purposes only.



# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

## 37- REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in these accounts for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

(Rupees)

	Chief E	xecutive	Directors		ctors Executives		Total	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Managerial Remuneration	5,127,273	4,872,727	4,363,636	4,436,364	7,373,227	5,355,455	16,864,136	14,664,545
Medical allowance	512,727	487,273	436,364	443,636	737,323	535,545	1,686,414	1,466,454
Bonus & leave encashment	-	-			518,723	1,316,762	518,723	1,316,762
	5,640,000	5,360,000	4,800,000	4,880,000	8,629,273	7,207,762	19,069,273	17,447,761
Number of persons	1	1	2	2	4	4	7	7

The Company also provides free use of Company maintained cars to some of the directors and executives.

## 38 - SEGMENT REPORTING

	Household	appliances	Auto	Auto parts		ickshaw	Total	
	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
Segment revenue-Net	5,623,436	6,353,490	366,354,971	247,325,124	580,561,526	1,291,036,422	952,539,933	1,544,715,036
Segment operating results	376,643	(126,513)	36,340,654	742,548	5,957,921	234,788,335	42,675,218	235,404,370
Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	14,841,047	12,748,210	271,059,145	200,589,392	259,902,840	411,793,656	545,803,032 60,943,423 606,746,455	625,131,258 55,712,422 680,843,680
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	28,868	31,427	126,227,690	65,404,203	136,406,013	196,158,577	262,662,571 32,433,728 295,096,299	261,594,207 121,829,297 383,423,504
Capital expenditure	-	71,000	2,381,512	20,868,807	30,264,096	71,960,079	32,645,608	92,899,886
Depreciation and amortization	278,965	242,582	8,360,077	6,542,095	7,649,238	5,729,560		
Non-cash charges other than depreciation and amortization		221,706	3,538,701	1,981,569	3,330,542	2,813,947		

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

### 39 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 39.1 - Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
Long term Deposits	17	816,457	771,457
Trade debts	20	96,341,775	202,015,093
Loans and Advances	21	10,845,620	8,459,685
Trade Deposits	22	32,665,346	24,832,106
Other Receivables	23	188,000	-
Bank Balances	24	19,793,232	11,911,805
		160,650,430	247,990,146

Geographically there is no concentration of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts, loans and Advances and other receivables at the reporting date by type of parties was:

Institutional Customers	21,334,547	153,854,574
Corporate Customers	52,947,842	37,595,662
Distributor	3,415,153	269,153
Dealers Others	5,626,870	2,633,552
Cottles	14,013,682	8,146,272
	97,338,094	202,499,213
The aging of trade debts, loans and advances and other	receivable at the reporting date was:	
Not past due	60,728,640	116,725,094
Past Due 0-30 days	14,349,016	78,778,382
Past Due 31-120 days	2,701,241	1,896,488
Past Due more than 120 days	19,559,197	5,099,249
	97 338 094	202 499 213

Based on historic record the Company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of loans and receivables past due more than 120 days.

### 39.2- Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk aries mainly where payable exit due to transaction with foreign undertakings. Payable exposed to foreign currency risk are identified as either creditors or bills payable. The Company does not view hedging as being financially feasible owing to the excessive costs involved.

### 39.3- Capital Risk Management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safe guard the company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholder; and to maintain a strong capital base support the sustained development of its business. The company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

### 39.4- Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of all financial instruments i.e financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.



#### 39.5- Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value of the future cash flows of a financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three type of risk: Currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

### 39.5.1- Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate of changes in foreign change rates. The company is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials and finished goods being denominated in US dollars. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk for US dollars is on account of outstanding letter of credit of Rs. 56.31 million (2008: Rs. 11.87 million).

### 39.5.2- Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Financial liabilities include balance of Rs. 38.280 million (2008: Rs 92.315 million) which is subject to interest rate risk.

## Cash Flow Sensitivity for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date, with all other variables remaining constant, the net income for the year would have been lower or higher by Rs. 382,801 (2008: Rs. 923,154.)

#### 39.5.3 -Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (Other than those arising from interest risk or risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. At present, the company is not exposed to price risk as there are no investments in marketable securities.

### 39.6 - Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The Company follows an effective cash management planning policy to ensure availability of funds and to take appropriate measures for new requirements.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments.

				2009			(Rupees)
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Long term financing	6,600,000	7,607,820	1,383,240	1,383,240	2,766,480	2,074,860	-
Liability under finance lease	10,085,005	11,091,030	4,039,525	4,039,525	3,011,980	-	5. <b>7</b> 5
Trade and other payables	202,749,806	202,749,806	202,749,806	-	· 2	2:	543
Accrued Mark-up	1,123,167	1,123,167	1,123,167	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowing	21,595,128	21,595,128	21,595,128	-	8*8	-	*
	242,153,106	244,166,951	230,890,866	5,422,765	5,778,460	2,074,860	-

				2008			(Rupees)
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows		6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Long term financing	9,000,000	10,474,200	1,396,560	1,396,560	2,793,120	4,887,960	-
Liability under finance lease	19,766,131	22,827,133	5,862,000	5,862,000	8,049,600	3,053,533	3.46
Trade and other payables	190,175,956	190,175,956	190,175,956	7.0	370		100
Accrued Mark-up	1,297,835	1,297,835	1,297,835	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowing	63,549,229	63,549,229	63,549,229	-	157	7	7
(2.5)	283,789,151	288,324,353	262,281,580	7,258,560	10,842,720	7,941,493	_

## NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

40 -	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION	2009 Numbers	2008 Numbers
	Installed Capacity Auto rickshaw (8 hours single shift basis) Auto Parts The capacity of the plant and machinery relating to auto parts is indeproduction.	10,000 eterminable due to th	10,000 e versatility of
	Actual Production Auto Rickshaw Auto parts Wheel - rims Body front axle Console panel	4,690 90,530 - 9,147	9,696 82,161 41 2,101
41 -	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES  Average number of employees during the year	635	775

## 42 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The Board of Directors, at their meeting held on October 05, 2009, has recommended 20% bonus shares i.e. 20 ordinary shares for every 100 ordinary shares for the year ended June 30, 2009 (2008: 20% bonus shares) subject to the approval of the members at the 18th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

### 43 - DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized these financial statements for issue on October 05, 2009.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

## 44 - CORRSEPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged/reclassified(if necessary) for the purpose of comparison.

Following figures have been re-arranged/reclassfied:

Nature	Amount	Note	Previously classified under	Reclassified under
Revenue Reserve	207,643,396		Un-appropriated profit	Revenue reserve- Un-appropriated profit
Current Liabilities	1,123,167	10	Interest and mark-up accrued on loans and other payables	Mark-up accrued on loans and other payables
Current Liabilities	21,595,128	11	Short term finances and advances	Short term borrowings
Current Liabilities	9,572,935	12	Current Maturity of long term liabilities	Current portion of long term liabilities
Non Current Assets	816,457	17	Long term Security Deposits	Long term Deposits
Current Assets	10,845,620	21	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	Loans and Advances
Current Assets	33,232,978	22	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	Trade Deposits and short term prepayments
Current Assets	21,532,093	23	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	Other Receivables

## 45 - GENERAL

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

MIAN ASAD HAMEED
CHIEF EXECUTIVE

SAEED IQBAL KHAN DIRECTOR